# Taylor Lange Teaching Assistant

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Econ Lab Hours: Mondays 2pm-3pm Tuesdays 11am-12pm Thursdays 11am-12pm

# **Preview Of Regression**

#### Data Description:

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• Mean, Median, Mode

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- Standard Deviation, Variance

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Economics:

Supply & Demand - Price & Quantity Demanded

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Economics' Prefered Method

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A different type of correlation

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• Dependant Variable - y

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- Explanatory Variable(s) x<sub>1</sub>, x<sub>2</sub>, ...

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Measures:

• Direction (+/-) (same as Correlation)

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What are you trying to investigate?

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How much does the weight of a car influence its fuel efficiency?

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**Miles Per Gallon of Cars** Weight of Cars N=39 N=39 12 15 Frequency Frequency 8 10 4 5 0 0 20 35 2 10 15 25 30 3 Miles Per Gallon Weight (Tons) Mean 20.09 3.21

6

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Correlation: -0.86

How much does the weight of a car influence its fuel efficiency? Explanatory Variable - x axis Dependent Variable - y axis





#### Mazda RX4





Mazda RX4 Weight: 2.62 Tons





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Y = mx + b m = slope b = intercept

Math Notation

How much does the weight of a car influence its fuel efficiency?



m = slope b = intercept Econometric Notation:  $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1$  $\beta_1 = slope$  $\beta_0 = intercept$ 

Math Notation

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 $V = 0 + 0 \times$ 















Х



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Econometric Model/Equation  $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \varepsilon$ 

Y = Dependant Variable  $X_1$  = Explanatory Variable  $\beta_0$  = Intercept Parameter  $\beta_1$  = Slope Parameter  $\epsilon$  = Error

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The <u>Best Fit Regression Line</u> is the one that creates the smallest distances between the data and the prediction line

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Econometric Model/Equation  $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \varepsilon$ 

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Results

 $Y = 37.22 - 3.88x_1 - 0.03x_2$ 

#### Interpreting Results

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A 1 unit (Horse) increase in the horsepower of a car decreases its fuel efficiency by 0.03 miles per hour